1953



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ANNUAL REPORT

of the

Medical Officer of Health

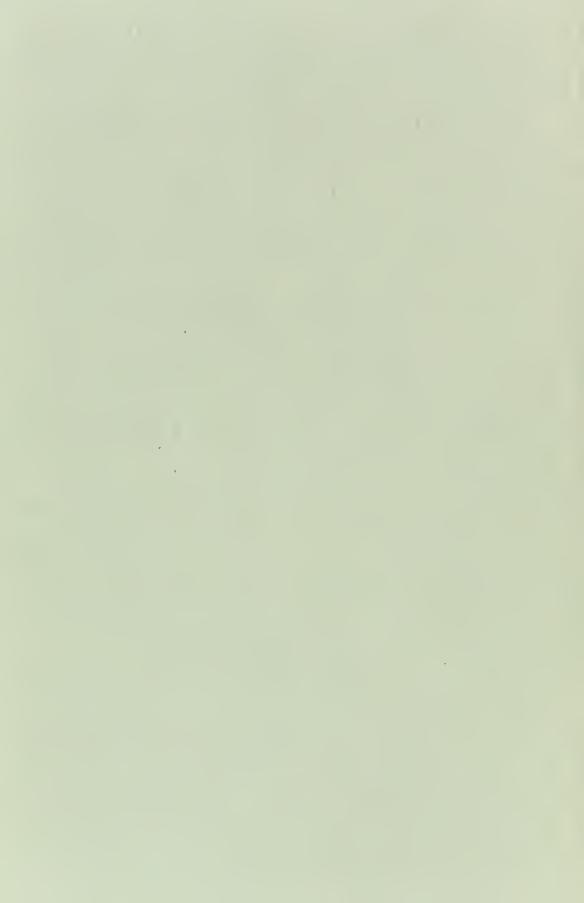
for the

Borough of

Clifton | Dartmouth Hardness

W. H. AUCUTT, M.B., Ch.B.
Acting Medical Officer of Health

V. E. HUGHES, M.S.I.A., A.R.S.I.,
Sanitary Inspector,
Meat and Foods Inspector, Etc.



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ANNUAL REPORT

of the

Medical Officer of Health

for 1953

To the Worshipful the Mayor and Aldermen and Councillors of the Borough of Clifton Dartmouth Hardness.

Mr. Mayor, Lady, Councillor and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present the Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health for the year 1953 in accordance with the instructions of the Minister of Health.

This year has seen the retirement, due to ill-health, of Dr. Andrew Dick, who has been your Medical Officer since 1939. The upheaval of the second great war, and the farreaching post-war changes in our health and social services made his period of office one of strain and difficulty, and it is to Dr. Dick's credit that the health of this ancient Borough has steadily improved during these years.

This year, the Death Rate has again fallen—from 15.62 per 1,000 population in 1952 to 12.81 per 1,000 population, and the Standardised Death Rate is now 10.76 which compares favourably with the Death Rate for England and Wales as a whole.

The main causes of death were: -

- 1. Cancer—17 deaths.
- 2. Vascular lesions of the Nervous System—14 deaths.
- 3. Heart Diseases—10 deaths.

There has been a slight rise in the deaths due to respiratory conditions (Influenza, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, etc.) of which there were nine this year.

The Birth Rate has fallen from 15.08 per 1,000 population to 12.13 per 1,000 population, a rate which is more usual for Dartmouth.

Apart from the normal biennial outbreak of Measles, of which 170 cases were notified in the month of March alone, there was no serious epidemic disease.

Based on the Registrar General's figures 1. 1925 Area in acres ... Population—census 1951 (April) 670? Registrar-General's estimated resident population 5834 . . . Registrar-General's estimated resident population 5853 Number of inhabited houses, 1952 1763 Number of inhabited houses, 1953 1774 Rateable value £55,073 Sum represented by 1d. rate ... £219 Extracts from Vital Statistics for the year Total Male F'male Live Births 71 37 70 36 Legitimate Illegitimate 1 1 () Still Births ... 3 2 1 Legitimate 0 0 Illegitimate 0 . . . Crude Birth Rate per thousand estimated resident population 12.13 Comparability Factor 1.15 13.94 Corrected Birth Rate Male F'male Total 75 43 32 Deaths Death Rate per 1,000 estimated resident population 12.81 0.84 Comparability Factor Standardised Death Rate 10.76 Deaths from diseases and accidents of pregnancy and child-birth: 0 Pueperal Sepsis ... Other Puerperal Causes 0 Male F'male Total Deaths of infants under 1 year of age 0 0 0 Legitimate 0 0 0 Illegitimate 0 0 0 . . . 0 Deaths of infants under 4 weeks of age 0 0 0 0 Legitimate 0 0 0 Illegitimate Death rate of infants per 1,000 live births 0

Statistics and Social Conditions of the Area

Causes of Death during 1952

		Total	Male F	'male
Tuberculosis of the Respiratory Syst	em	1	1	0
Other Forms of Tuberculosis		0	0	0
Syphilitic disease		0	0	0
Diptheria		0	0	0
Wheoping Cough		0	0	0
Mening-coccal infections		0	0	Õ
Acute Poliomyelitis		0	0	0
Measles		0	0	0
Other inf. and parasitic dis		0	0	0
Malignant neoplasm, stomach		4	3	1
lung, bronchus		1	0	1
., ,, lung, bronchus ,, breast		0	Õ	0
,, uterus	* * *	1	0	1
Other malignant & lymphatic neoplas	ms	11	6	5
Leukaemia, aleukaemia		0	0	0
Diabetes		ĭ	1	0
Vascular lesions of nervous system		14	7	7
Coronary disease, angina		13	9	4
Hypertension with heart disease		0	0	0
Other heart disease		7	. 3	4
Other circulatory disease		3	2	j
Influenza		2	0	2
Pneumonia		4	3	1
Bronchitis		2	2	0
Other diseases of respiratory system		1	$\overline{1}$	0
Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum		0	0	0
Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea		1	0	1
Nephritis and nephrosis		0	0	0
Hyperplasia of prostate		0	0	0
Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion		0	0	0
Congenital malformations		0	0	0
Other defined and ill-defined diseases		5	2	3
Motor vehicle accidents		0	0	0
All other accidents			1	1
Suicide		2 2	2	0
Homicide and operations of war		0	0	0
All causes To	tal	75	43	32

SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA

Full details of the sanitary circumstances are given in the report of the Sanitary Inspector.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

Milk

Samples taken by the Sanitary Inspector, are examined and reported upon by the Public Health Laboratory Service at Exeter.

Periodic sampling for presence of Tubercle infection was continued throughout the year.

lce Cream

Examination of samples by the Public Health Laboratory Service at Exeter has continued. Ice Cream is graded as follows:—

Provisional	Time taken to reduce	Interpretation
Grade	Methylene Blue	
1.	41 hours or more	Satisfactory
2.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 hours	Fair
3.	½ to 2 hours	Unsatisfactory
4.	. 0	Very Bad

Your Officers investigate and advise in all cases where satisfactory results are not obtained. It should be noted that the chemical and bacteriological testing of ice cream remains yet on trial in a scientific sense and has not reached that stage of being able to be used in taking of statutory action.

Meat

It is still satisfactory to note that the percentage of tuberculosis meat found upon meat inspection at the Abattoir continues to decline. The procedure always adopted as a safeguard against tuberculosis infecting milk supply is detailed by the Sanitary Inspector in his notes upon Meat Inspection. In the past prompt steps have been taken to ensure that any such suspected milk, raw and untreated, will, without delay, cease to be distributed in the borough.

Water Supplies

Supply has been adequate. Chlorination has been continued at the main source as a final treatment after filtration. By maintaining a relatively high dosage of chlorine, the Water Engineer has continued to obtain a final satisfactory drinking water, and I am indebted to him for copies of the bacteriological reports from samples which he has taken monthly.

There are 46 properties scattered about the Borough which get their supply of water from private sources. The majority of these sources of supply are from springs or shallow wells situated invariably on agricultural land and are, with the exception of one, unfiltered and unchlorinated. Numerous samples taken throughout the year have revealed very little evidence of bacterial contamination, except as a temporary seasonal occurrence as a result of certain states of ground and weather: the danger of contamination can never be put complacently out of mind in such conditions and from these sources.

Housing

Housing details and visits made are noted in the report by the Sanitary Inspector. Additional visits have been made by your Medical Officer in connection with applications for rehousing recommended upon medical grounds by certificates from general medical practitioners. Visits have also been paid to see Aged People and inspect their housing conditions in connection with your statutory duties under the National Assistance Act.

There were 7 cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis notified. There were 50 cases of tuberculosis on the Register at the

end of the year.

Since Dr. Dick's retirement in November, I have been acting as your Medical Officer until his successor took up his duties, and I wish to acknowledge the support and encouragement which I have received from Mr. Hughes, the Chief Sanitary Inspector.

I have the honour to be,
Your obedient Servant,
W. H. AUCUTT, M.B., Ch.B.,
Acting Medical Officer of Health.

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

Sanitary Inspector

To The Worshipful the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors

Mr. Mayor, Lady Councillor and Gentlemen,

I herewith submit my report for the year ending the 31st December, 1953.

SECTION D

HOUSING

1.—INSPEC	TION OF DWELLING-HOUSES DURING THE YEAR:
(1) (a)	Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under the Public Health Act or Housing Acts) 177
(b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose 565
(2) (a)	Number of dwelling-houses (included in the
	sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and
	recorded under the Housing Consolidated
	Regulations 1925 and 1932 0
(3)	Number of dwelling houses found to be in a
	state so dangerous or injurious to health as
	to be unfit for human habitation 2
(4)	Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those
	referred to under the preceding sub-head)
	found not to be in all respects reasonably fit
	for human habitation 102
2.—Remed	Y OF DEFECTS DURING THE YEAR WITHOUT SERVICE
	of Formal Notices:—
	Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered
	fit in consequence of informal action by the
	Local Authority or their Officers 76

(a) Proceedings, under Section 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936:— (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Notices were served requiring repairs () (2) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal Notices: (a) By Owners 0 (b) By Local Authority in default of owners 0 (b) Proceedings under the Public Health Acts:— (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Notices were served requesting defects to be remedied 0 (2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal Notices:— (a) By Owners (b) By Local Authority in default of owners (c) Proceedings under Section 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936:— (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made 0 (2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders (d) Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act. 1936.— (1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made (2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or 0 room having been rendered fit 4.—Housing Act. 1936, Part VI. Overcrowding (a) (1) Number of dwelling-houses overcrowded at the end of the year (2) Number of families dwelling therein -1 (3) Number of persons dwelling therein 18

3.—Action under Statutory Powers during the Year:—

(b)	7	Number o	of new	cases	of ove	ercrow	ding re-	4
(a)	(1) N	orted dur	ing the y	year		· · · · ·	and in and	4
(c)		lumber o						1
	(2) N	luring the Jumber o	f porcon	C 00	oncorned	110 (11	ch chene	3
(d)		Particular						9
(a)		ouses ha						
		ifter the I						
		he abater						0
(e)		ny other			(,		
(-)		rowding						
		Health ma						0
			·				•	
COM	DI AIX	TTC						
	PLAIN					_		
	.51 cor	nplaints v	vere rec	eivec	l and do	ealt wi	th during	the
year.								
			inspect	ed u	nder the	Publ	ic Health	and
Hous	ing Ac	ts.						
		4						
	Abri	DGED SUM	MARY O	F W	ORK CON	APLETI	ED AND	
				PECT				
Y			INS.	FECT	ED			1.5
Roofs				• • •			• • •	15
		alls		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	19
		stering	• • •		• • •			13
Ceilir	0	• • •		• • •	***		* * *	8
Floor	s lows		• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	6
			• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •	
	laces s	• • •			• • •		• • •	2
	nevs			• • •			• • •	3
		eansed	• • •					21
	provid							5
DIIIS	provid	1CCI	• • •	• • •			• • •	
Dr	RAINAGE	E						
Inspe	ections	made						71
Tests	carrie	ed out					• • •	31
Draii	ns repa	ired						.41
Gulli	es pro	vided or	renewed					1.0
Sinks			• • •					8
Rain	water	pipes and	gutters				• • •	15
Wate	er close	ts provid	ed, repa	ired	or renev	ved		15
New	drains	laid (exc	cluding r	Jew.	propertie			16
Inspa	ection	chambers	built or	repa	aired			19
t				()				

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

(a) MILK SUPPLY

There are five dairies registered in the Borough, one of which is equipped with a holder type pasteurisation plant. During the year the Borough was included in The Milk (Special Designations) (Specified Areas) (No. 2) Order, 1953. Under this order only specially designated milk can be sold. From the coming into operation of the order all producer retailers were obliged to have their herds tuberculin tested or to send their milk for heat treatment. No undue dislocation of distribution was experienced during the transitional period. Owing to an epidemic amongst the guinea pigs at the Public Health Laboratory it was not possible to submit samples of milk for the tuberculin test for several months, the total number submitted during the year was therefore lower than the previous year, being 19 against 34. All the samples submitted for this test were returned negative. 35 samples were submitted for the methylene blue test, 27 of these passed, 4 were spoilt in transit and 4 which failed were referred to the County Milk Production Officer for investigation.

(b) FOOD PREMISES

Food premises were visited as frequently as other essential duties allowed. Altogether 558 visits were made during the year. The number of premises dealing in food being 85. The general standard of cleanliness was good. Only 9 notices were found necessary, all of which were promptly complied with. It is worthy of note that some food premises which had in the past been infested with rats or mice, have by a combination of treatment by the Public Health Department staff and advice on methods of proofing, been completely cleared.

Visits made were as follows: -

Visits made	Were a	is tono	110.		
Market and Stal	ls			 	 #1
Cafes				 	 30
Bakehouses and	Confe	ectioner	'S	 	 58
Hotels				 	 56
Ice Cream Prem	ises			 	 69
Wet and Fried I	ish S	hops		 	 9
Canteens .				 	 7
Butchers .				 	 64
Fruit and Grocei	·V			 	 95
Dairies	-			 	 72
Meat Depot .				 	 7
1					

CARCASES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows		Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
N 1 1'11 1	V70	250	207	420°	561
Number killed Number inspected	879 879	358 358	207 207	4385 4385 °	
All Diseases Except Tuberculos	SIS				
Whole carcases condemned Carcases of 'which some part of organ		3	21	34	7
was condemned Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than	337	200	4	653	86
Tuberculosis	38.7	56.7	12.0	15.6	16.5
Tuberculosis only					
Whole carcases condemned Carcases of which some part or organ		3			1
was condemned Percentage of the number inspected affected with	39	43			22
Tuberculosis	4.8		yadhahay		4.1

MEAT INSPECTION

All slaughtering done during the year was confined to the Municipal Abattoir controlled by the Ministry of Food. One privately owned slaughterhouse has been used by W.M.S.A. as a meat depot and has been maintained in a hygienic manner. The Dartmouth Abattoir supplies home killed meat to this Borough, Kingswear, Salcombe U.D.C., Kingsbridge U.D.C., and Kingsbridge R.D.C. The latter authority have co-operated well in providing a relief meat inspector during leave periods of the Dartmouth Borough Inspector. The Abattoir has been well maintained during the year and is kept constantly clean by a full-time caretaker. During the year 6,390 animals were dealt with and a hundred per cent post mortem inspection was achieved. The incidence of tuberculosis in cows shewed quite a considerable decline, being 12.8 per cent against 17.1 per cent the previous year. In cattle the percentage remained practically the same. Cooperation with The Animal Health Division of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries has continued throughout the year. Although several cases of cyticercus bovis were discovered the total number was less than the previous year. All organs or parts found affected were destroyed and the remainder sent for treatment before being released.

All condemned meat or offal is dyed to indicate that it is unfit for human consumption and is then disposed of to reputable firms who sterilise and convert it to animal feeding meals and fertilisers.

OTHER UNSOUND FOOD CONDEMNED AND DESTROYED

Tinned Milk	16 lbs.	Corned Beef	6 lbs.
Luncheon Meat	14 lbs.	Chocolate Marshm	allow
Cherries	293 lbs.		8 lbs.
Plums	142 lbs.	Beans	13 lbs.
Pork	204 lbs.	Gooseberries	2 lbs.
Spaghetti	5 lbs.	Tomatoes	8 lbs.
Beef Loaf	5 lbs.	Carrots	2 lbs.
Beans	3 lbs.	Pears	6 lbs.
Steak	19 lbs.	Salmon	1 lb.
Damsons	5 lbs.	Brawn	9 lbs.
Apples	2 lbs.	Beef Sausage	18 lbs.
Peaches	3 lbs.	Golden Syrup	2 lbs.
Grapefruit	1 lb.	Cream	1 lb.
Jellied Veal	24 lbs.	Coffee	i lb.
Peas	35 lbs.		•

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT., 1938

Foods submitted for analysis during the year were as follows:—

Ten samples of milk all genuine.

One sample of beef sausage genuine.

One sample of Reviton Tonic genuine.

One sample of Dripping genuine. One sample of Margarine genuine

One sample of Whiskey genuine.

One sample of Brandy genuine.

A sample of ice cream was found to be 6 per cent deficient in milk solids. A warning letter was sent to the vendor. One sample of milk was 5 per cent deficient in fat. A warning letter was sent to the vendor.

A sample of hot milk was found to contain 7 per cent added water. A fine of 5/- and 2 guineas costs was imposed.

ICE CREAM

The following samples were submitted to the County Laboratory:—

Total Grade 1. Grade 2. Grade 3. Grade 1. Spoilt Satisfactory Fair Unsat'fact'y Very bad in transit

69 visits were made in connection with the sale, manufacture or storage of ice cream. There are 17 registered premises dealing in this commodity only two of which are manufacturing, the remainder getting supplies from sources outside the town. Unsatisfactory samples were investigated at the place of manufacture. Hygiene was generally well maintained.

FACTORIES ACT, 1937 AND 1948 PART 1 OF THE ACT

ector)	M/C Iine	No.	y(C1	8		
Sanitary Insp		Occupiers Prosecuted (6)				*	
made by	No. of	Written Notices (5)			1		
g inspections		Inspections (4).	7	37	1	51	
(including	Number on	Register (3)	7	0+	[+	
s to health	M/C line	No. (2)		<i>C</i> 1	м		
Inspection for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Sanitary Inspector)	Premises	(1)	(i) Factories in which Secs. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities (ii) Factories not included in (i)	_	7 is enforced by Local Authority (excluding out- workers premises	Total	

CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND

defects were found cases line Remedied Referred in which No. To H.M. By H.M. Prosecutions Inspector were instituted (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) 1 — — — 4 4 — — — — 5 — — — 5 — — — 5 — — — 7 — — — 7 8 8 8
Found Remedied Referred in which To H.M. By H.M. Prosecutions Inspector Inspector were instituted (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) ———————————————————————————————————
To H.M. By H.M. Prosecutions Inspector Inspector were instituted (5) (6) (7) ———————————————————————————————————
(5) (6) (7) (7) (6) (7) (7) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9
- Contraction Cont

M/C	line	No.	(8)	6	10	12	09
No. of	cases	in which	By H.M. Prosecutions Inspector were instituted (6) (7)	-	11	ı	
						1	
Number of cases in which	ere found	Referred	To H.M. Inspector (5)	***************************************		1	
Number of c	defects were found	Remedicd	(+)		_		2
		Found	(3)				63
M/C	line	No.	(2)	6	10	12	09
Particulars			(1)	Sanitary Conveniences (57) (a) Insufficient	(b) Unsuitable or defective (c) Not separate for sexes	Act (not including offences relating to outwork)	Total

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949 Report for 15 Months Ended 31st March, 1954

	TOTAL	(5)	2198	71	262	7		7	29	31
erty	All other (including Business	Premises) (4)	40+	25	91	10		-	7	6
Type of Property	Agri- cultural	(3)	20		19	}				
	Dwelling Houses	(2)	1764	45	150	25			21	19
	Local	. (1)	, 10	(a) —	(b) 2	9 (2)		Major 2	Minor 1	т
,			I. Total number of properties in Local Authority's District (Notes 1 and 2)	II. Number of properties inspec-	during the 15 months ended	of (a) notification (b) survey (c) otherwise e.g. when visited primarily for some	other purpose (Notes 1, 2 and 3)		rats (Notes 1, 2 and 3)	IV. Number of properties inspected (See Section II.) which were found to be seriously infested by mice (Notes 1, 2 and 3)

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949—Cont.

				Type of Property	erty	
					All other	
		Local	Dwelling	Agri-	(including	
	•	Authority	Houses	cultural	Business	TOTAL
					Premises)	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	Number of infested properties					
	(See Sections III. and					
	IV.) treated by the Local					
	Authority (Notes 1, 2 and 3)	9	40		17	64
VI.	Number of notices served un-					
	der Section 4: (1) Treatment	1			.	
	(2) Structural Works (i.e.					
	Proofing)	Graphing .			4	5
7.11.	Z					
	fault action was taken by the					
	Local Authority following the					
	issue of a notice under Sec-					
	tion 4]			1
VIIII.	VIII. Legal proceedings (see over-					
	leaf)				1	}
IN.	Number of "block" control					
	schemes carried out	21				

One operator is employed and works alternate weeks at Dartmouth and Brixham. This arrangement has worked well and infestations have been kept well under control. On the retirement of Mr. W. G. Harris in October, Mr. H. P. Humpherson was appointed as operator, and the work carried on without interruption. One maintenance treatment of the sewers was carried out and no infestation was discovered.

Schools

All the milk supplied to schools was pasteurised and samples taken throughout the year were satisfactory.

The water supply to all the schools is from the town's chlorinated supply.

The cooking centre for school meals has always been found on inspection to be well maintained. The standard of hygiene has been most satisfactory and a credit to the Manageress, Miss E. C. Smith.

DISINFECTION

The new Thresh steam disinfector has proved very satisfactory. During the year over 100 articles were treated, most of these were for private persons or other authorities where the cost of treatment was recoverable.

RAG FLOCK AND OTHER FILLING MATERIALS ACT, 1951

There remains only one Registered User of Rag Flock and other filling materials for upholstery. Supplies are obtained from licenced premises outside the Borough. No samples were taken during the year.

SHOPS ACT, 1950

Periodic inspections under the Act have been carried out. It was found necessary to issue warnings to five shopkeepers in connection with Sunday trading.

PRIVATE WATER SUPPLIES

A very careful watch has been kept of the 46 premises in the town which draw water from private unchlorinated supplies. All these are from shallow wells or springs which are liable to pollution. Altogether 89 samples were taken and submitted to The Public Health Laboratory. The majority were satisfactory, but some cases of pollution were discovered and it became necessary to warn consumers to boil the water. It is hoped that with the extension of the South Devon Water Board's supply into the town some of the unsatisfactory supplies will be eliminated.

PETROLEUM AND EXPLOSIVE ACTS Number of licenses granted to store Petroleum ... 11 Number of licenses granted to store Mixed Explosives 11

GAME DEALERS' LICENSES

There were three licenses granted during the year authorising the dealing in game.

In conclusion I should like to thank the Council and my colleagues in other departments, particularly the Borough. Engineer and his staff for their help and co-operation throughout the year.

I am, Madam and Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
V. E. HUGHES, M.S.I.A., A.R.S.I.,
Sanitary Inspector,
Meat and Foods Inspector, Etc.



